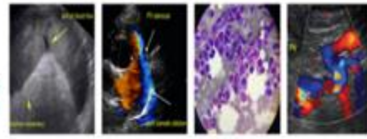
Mass Veterinary Services



SonoPath
Clinical Sonography & Telecytology
EDUCATIONAL TELECONSULTATION SERVICES™
1-800-838-4268 info@sonopath.com SonoPath.com

PATIENT
Dexter Iacolino

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
Toy Poodle

SEX
Male Neutered

AGE
11 years

WEIGHT
14lbs

INTERPRETED BY
Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
Pamela Harrigan, RDCS

HOSPITAL NAME
Mass Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET
Dr. Masloski

INVOICE
28998

DATE
2/15/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Dexter is being evaluated for a heart murmur. He is doing fairly well with normal activity but continues to have a finicky appetite. Occasional soft/runny stools. He coughs daily, multiple times over the course of the day; normal resting respiratory rate. On exam: NSR, grade II/VI murmur with PMI left apical area, PSS, lung fields clear, no cough with tracheal pressure, mm pink, moist, CRT<2. BP: 150mmHg x 5. Current medications: Diphenoxylate with atropine 2.5mg 1/2 tab twice a day *No sedation for study.

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and Doppler imaging is available.
Left ventricle: The LV diameter is normal with adequate myocardial function. LV wall thicknesses are normal.
Left atrium: The left atrium is normal.
Mitral valve: The mitral valve is mildly thickened with no prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Trace eccentric mitral regurgitation.
Aortic valve/aorta: The aortic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. Mildly elevated aortic outflow velocity; laminar flow. No aortic insufficiency.
Right ventricle: Normal right ventricular diameter and morphology indicating no overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension.
Right atrium: Normal RA dimension.
Tricuspid valve: The tricuspid valve appears normal with trace tricuspid regurgitation; normal velocity.
Pulmonic valve/pulmonary artery: The pulmonic valve is normal in morphology and mobility. No pulmonic insufficiency. Normal RVOT velocity; laminar flow.
Pericardium/other: No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.
Heart rhythm: ECG reveals a sinus rhythm with an average HR of 100bpm.

2-Dimensional Measurements

Measurement	Value
Ao diam (cm)	1.5
LA diam (cm)	1.5
LA:Ao (Swe)	1.0
IVS thickness (cm)	0.6
LVID diastole (cm)	2.3
PW thickness (cm)	0.7
LVID systole (cm)	0.9
FS (%)	60

Doppler Measurements

Measurement	Value
PV Vmax (m/s)	1.0
AoV Vmax (m/s)	1.7
MR Vmax (m/s)	NM
TR Vmax (m/s)	2.7
TR PG (mmHg)	30

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS

The cause of the murmur is chronic degenerative valve disease causing trace mitral and tricuspid regurgitation. Lack of significant left atrial enlargement indicates the current risk for complication is low. An aortic outflow velocity is also mildly elevated, which is a benign flow abnormality that may contribute to murmur intensity. No additional issues are noted in this study.

Assessment of progression in the future will help predict long term prognosis, which is highly variable at this stage (B1).

PATIENT
Dexter Iacolino

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
Toy Poodle

SEX
Male Neutered

AGE
11 years

WEIGHT
14lbs

INTERPRETED BY
Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM DACVIM (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
Pamela Harrigan, RDCS

HOSPITAL NAME
Mass Veterinary Services

REFERRING VET
Dr. Masloski

INVOICE
28998

DATE
2/15/23

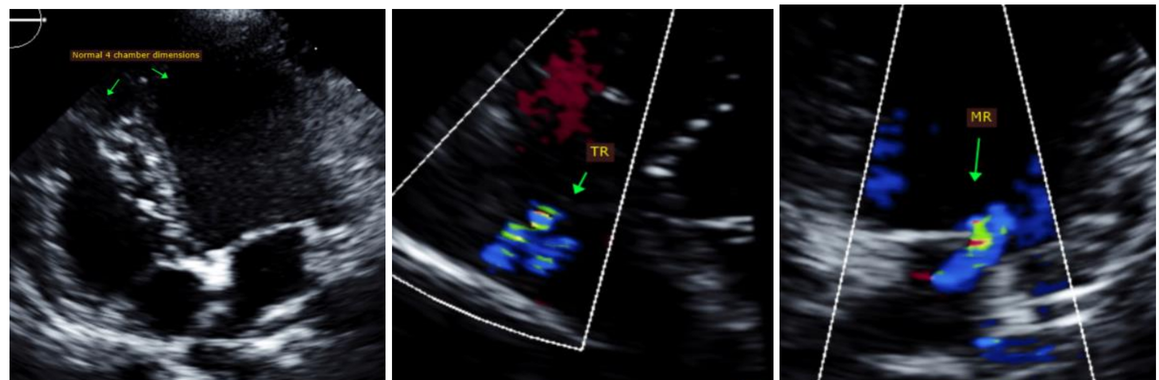
RECOMMENDATIONS

- In a dog without significant left atrial enlargement, no cardiac medications are clearly indicated.
- Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may be of some long-term benefit.
- Anesthetic risk is considered mild if needed. Cardiac protective drug choices (opioid/benzodiazepine premedication, propofol or alfaxalone induction, isoflurane gas) are recommended. Pre-oxygenate for 5-10 minutes prior to induction. Monitor for arrhythmias, hypotension, and hypoxia both intra and post-operatively and intervene as necessary. Mild IV fluid restriction is recommended to avoid fluid overload. Avoid heart rate stimulating drugs such as atropine unless clinically indicated.
- Monitor for development of a cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes.

PLAN

- Recommend conservative monitoring with a recheck echocardiogram in 6-12 months, sooner if any development of clinical signs.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
Diplomate of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (Cardiology)
info@sonopath.com

Echocardiogram performed by: Pamela Harrigan, RDCS
Pet Animal Ultrasound Service (4paus.com)